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10 PAGES.

ATLANTA, GA., April 4, 1895.

A Spunky Georgia Colonel.

We present elsewhere on this page a clipping from The Chicago Record containing an interview, by Mr. W. E. Curtis, staff correspondent of that paper, with Hon. S. G. McLendon, of Thomsville, a well-known Georgian, and an honest man if there ever lived one.

Colonel McLendon is a goldbug. The great difference between Colonel McLendon and other well-known goldbugs is that he is honest in his convictions and is entirely consistent in his intimation that the democratic party may not expect his support unless it revokes and reverses its policy of a century in favor of the use of both gold and silver as standard money metals.

Colonel McLendon has the manhood and the courage to come out from under the brush and make a bold declaration of policy that will raise him in the esteem of all who know him, because people everywhere admire the courage of a dauntless charge whether or not they approve the judgment of the charger.

"A few years ago," says Colonel McLendon, "the most important issue in the south was negro domination," but now since that danger has passed, the genial young colonel from the wiregrass is of the opinion that the people are becoming more enlightened, "and are beginning to find good points in the republican policy and platform that were not apparent to them before, and"—mark this, from an earnest believer in Mr. Cleveland's financial policy—"they are willing to admit, too, that a recent experiment has demonstrated that the democratic party is not competent to govern this country."

Since the constitution of 1877 there has been no fear whatever of negro domination in Georgia, and since that time the democratic party of this state, in convention after convention, has declared unreservedly for the free and unlimited coinage of silver, though, to do justice to Colonel McLendon, it is but fair to say that for the past eight or ten years he has not hesitated to take issue with the proposition.

Colonel McLendon's honesty should be an example for such of the goldbugs in Georgia as have attached themselves as barnacles to the democratic party, and who are endeavoring to wreck the party in this state just as the party, as a national organization, has been wrecked by the goldbug policy of the Old Man of the Sea, who, as president, has been riding the party to destruction for the past two years.

Colonel McLendon has the courage to admit his willingness to allow the democratic party to pursue its traditional policy, without acting the part of a cut-throat and a scuttler, and endeavoring to destroy the party while, at the same time, professing allegiance to it.

There are goldbugs in Georgia—mostly those of the patronage class—who are fighting the party from within, and who are aiming at its very vitals under the pretense of allegiance.

If they are courageous and honest in their convictions they will do as Colonel McLendon has done and no longer act the part of republicans, and democratic enemies, under the cover of a partisan cloak.

If the goldbugs in Georgia were as honest as Colonel McLendon has shown himself to be, the issue would become simplified in the twinkling of an eye—the democratic party would at once become united, determined, active, vigorous and successful—it would wipe out the blot of Clevelandism, return to the honest paths of the past, vindicate the judgment of the founders of the federal constitution, overthrow Tory rule, re-establish the American policy, restore the currency of the country to the double standard which gave us the most prosperous times in the history of the republic, and rescue democracy from disgrace and despair.

But this cannot be done so long as Tories are in control and the Joneses of the party are fighting it from the rear.

Let them get out—let them go to the republicans, and they belong, and let them leave the party which they have

wrecked, to once more turn to the work of rescue and reparation, without the embarrassment and humiliation of being forced to fight traitors from within, at the time their united attention should be devoted to the enemies from without.

We glory in Colonel McLendon's spunk!

The Hotel Venable.

The definite announcement by Messrs. Venable Bros. that they will at once commence the erection of a ten-story granite hotel on the old capital site will be the pleasantest sort of news to the people of Atlanta.

Two much cannot be said in praise of the enterprise of these gentlemen. The undertaking seems a stupendous one for a single firm to essay, but the men who have this in hand haven't even the remotest acquaintance with the meaning of the word "fail" and they are sure to carry this enterprise through to a successful ending.

While it is gratifying that such an important step toward solving the exposition problem should have been taken, that is a mere incident. The erection of such a building will add very much, while the addition of such a hotel will mean even more, in the up-building of the city.

The further announcement that the new hotel will be in the hands of the Leland is all the guarantee necessary of its quality; and with its Aragon and Kimball and Venable, not to mention the smaller but hardly less important houses, Atlanta will soon have the reputation of being a city of magnificent hotels—each, of itself, is of great value to any city.

Atlanta is growing and there is nothing mushroom about her growth. She is just entering upon her greatest era of prosperity. There is room for the Hotel Venable, and the gentlemen whose name it will bear have given another evidence of their excellent judgment in this undertaking.

And Atlanta does move!

The Result of Clevelandism.

The result of the elections that have been held recently lead to but one conclusion—that the people everywhere and in all the states are keen and eager to put on record their protest against Clevelandism. Since the extra session of congress, when the administration repudiated the democratic platform, the people have made it a point to defeat almost every candidate on whom a suspicion of Clevelandism could be fastened.

These candidates called themselves democrats, and, through them, the party has been defeated; but the defeat of the party has been more apparent than real. Clevelandism is not democracy, nor anything like it. The democratic party is not now and never has been in favor of the demonetization of silver. The democratic party is not now and never has been in favor of perpetuating the single gold standard by the issue of bonds. The democratic party is not now and never has been in favor of permitting Great Britain and other foreign powers to dictate its financial policy.

These things constitute the sum and substance of Clevelandism and whenever the democratic party leaders or any part of them undertake to commit the party to such a programme as that which has been carried out by Cleveland, the organization will disappear as suddenly as if it had been swept away by a cyclone.

The place for those who believe in a single gold standard, or in bond issues to sustain that standard, or in making the United States dependent on the European monarchies, is in the republican party, and the people will finally force them there. The single gold standard, and bond issues, and a patient waiting for Europe to settle our financial difficulties, are all republican schemes and Mr. Cleveland is not powerful enough to force them on the democratic party.

Some of the ardent Clevelandites are already beginning to see that they cannot carry the democratic party with them. Consequently they are now publishing to the world their purpose to desert the party if it declares for the unlimited and independent coinage of silver. This is honest, to say the least. No goldbug has any business outside of the republican party.

The Negro at Our Exposition.

After a generation of freedom, the negroes of the south and of the entire country will have an opportunity to show at our coming exposition what progress they have made in education, business and industry. I Garland Penn, the chief commissioner for the colored exhibit, is assisted by able state commissioners composed of his race, and the managers of the exposition, the white people of the United States, and of all civilized nations, are taking an active interest in this attractive and important feature of Atlanta's great enterprise.

We take pleasure in commending the speeches made last Tuesday night at the colored exposition meeting held at the Big Bethel church in this city. The intelligent and progressive negroes who spoke on that occasion hit the nail on the head when they declared that the exposition had nothing to do with jim-crow cars and certain other things complained of by a few kickers and agitators who are trying to make the colored people dissatisfied with their proposed separate exhibit.

Chief Commissioner Penn, his associates and thousands of leading men of their race feel that the exposition will give them the best chance they have ever had to call the attention of the civilized world to what they have done in the past thirty years for themselves with their brains and hands. The big mistake of the Chicago world's fair in making no provision for an independent exhibit of this character will now be rectified by the liberal and broad-minded south, which is anxious to see the colored people make a showing that will be worthy of them. It is to be regretted that a few designing men are endeavoring to prejudice the negroes against this exhibit, but there will always be demagogues and agitators among the blacks, as well as among the whites, who for their own selfish purposes

will try to create discord and dissension. The evil influence of this class has been widely felt in our politics, but it is plain to every fair-minded observer that here in the south, where there is no pernicious outside interference, the two races dwell side by side in perfect harmony, each profiting by the other's prosperity, and quietly adjusting itself to the conditions of its environment. The southern whites will never forget the devoted loyalty of the blacks during the war.

This is the view of The Colored American, a leading negro newspaper published in Washington city. In the last issue of this enterprising weekly considerable space is devoted to our exposition, with pictures of the chief commissioner and the Virginia commissioners and the building for the negro exhibit.

We learn from this journal and from other sources that there is a growing interest all over the land in the exposition's negro department, and with a little active work on the part of local committees we feel assured that the exhibit will be worthy of a race which in thirty years has accumulated \$240,000,000 worth of taxable property and made such remarkable strides in intellectual and material progress.

The agitators who attempt to divert attention from the exposition to some alleged grievances of the negroes should be promptly discouraged. The negroes should see to it that they do their whole duty in this matter, and then if there is any disappointment the whites will be responsible for it. But it will never do for the colored people to hold aloof, and then claim that the exposition did not give them a fair opportunity to show what they could do. They should do their level best at our big show and their white friends will stand by them.

An Extraordinary Man.

A man may be unscrupulous, unreliable and even contemptible in some of his methods and traits of character, but if he is masterful with a strong personality, he may still hold his own and wield a wonderful influence.

Li Hung Chang is a case in point. He is partly responsible for China's humiliation, because he made money out of army contracts in which inferior arms were purchased; he is hated by the court party at Peking and detested by the Japanese, and yet he is the only man who is thought capable of conducting China's negotiations for peace, and the assault upon him probably caused Japan to consent to an armistice.

It seems that ability is at such a premium in China that the government is willing to run the risk of employing a brainy rascal in preference to a honest man of ordinary talent. Li Hung Chang appears to be a second Talleyrand—a statesman with no conscience—a man of such ready resources that all parties desire his services, knowing at the same time that he must be closely watched to prevent him from trading with the enemy. Such a trickster may escape punishment during his lifetime, but he will fare badly when posterity makes up its verdict.

Still this selfish schemer may do his best to outwit the Japanese diplomat, Count Ito, and make a good bargain for China, as a mere matter of intellectual pride. Sometimes bad men render great services to their country.

An Absurd Fable.

The press dispatch stating that the Spanish legation at Washington has received letters from ex-confederates in the south tendering their services to aid in putting down the Cuban rebellion is, of course, a ridiculous story manufactured out of the whole cloth.

From the first insurrection in Cuba down to the present time the people of the south has always sympathized with the islanders in their efforts to throw off the oppressive yoke of Spain, and time and again southerners in considerable numbers have joined the revolutionists. In the last notable revolt the ex-confederate general, Jordan, accepted a high position in the Cuban army, and many ex-confederates joined him.

American sentiment is overwhelmingly in favor of the annexation of Cuba, or in favor of its independence, and nowhere is this feeling stronger than in the south, and especially among the old confederates.

The Washington story comes from a Spanish source, and this fact alone should discredit it. Until within the past few days the Spanish authorities have denied that there was a war in progress in Cuba, and the growing strength of the insurgents has been carefully concealed, so far as the Spaniards have been able to do it.

It is now a settled fact that the Cubans are pretty well organized, with a large army in the field, and the indications are that their uprising is a formidable one, and that Spain will not be able to suppress it, if the revolutionists receive material from their sympathizers in this country.

One thing is certain—there are no ex-confederates who feel like drawing their swords against a brave people fighting for their independence, but there are many who would gladly take up arms against Spain to punish her for her repeated outrages upon American citizens, and they would eagerly engage in any movement that would result in the annexation of Cuba. But if Spain desires American recruits she must look for them among the Tories. They can not be found in this part of the country, except in the scattered Tory element.

A Beautiful Life.

A dispatch from Richmond, Va., printed in yesterday's Constitution announces the death of Mrs. R. T. Powell, at the home of her son-in-law, Hon. John Randolph Tucker, in Lexington, Mass. Mrs. Powell died at the ripe old age of eighty-eight, leaving ten children.

The death of this remarkable woman must suggest to thoughtful minds a comparison between her career—as a wife and mother, and that of some of the more "advanced" women of our time who are seeking in a restless and anxious way to enter the political arena. The Virginian wife and mother is a type and representative of the women who, in the old days, when life was sadder and sweeter than it now

seems to be, were happy and contented in their homes and appreciated to the fullest extent the responsibilities that rested upon them as the mothers of the rising generations. They were not disconcerted by these large responsibilities, but went about meeting them with the ease, the grace and the courage that were theirs by inheritance as well as by education and training.

They had time for their social duties, which were as pressing as they were pleasant, and they had time also to take a keen interest in the political questions that claimed the attention of their husbands and their fathers. But they found their chief pleasure in molding the characters of their children and imparting to the minds of these charges those principles that are the basis of all that is worth living for in this world.

They found in their family circles a large and an important field for the exercise of their ambition to govern. In that field they framed just and temperate laws and administered them with tact and skill. They saw that the household was as important as the republic itself, and they found there in full scope for the exercise of every womanly ambition and opportunities enough to satisfy every womanly desire. They were not afraid to delegate children nor careless enough to delegate to others the duty of caring for them.

Times have changed somewhat, and not by any means for the better. New ideas have found lodgement in strange places. We hear great talk of "progress" and "advancement." There seems to be a great hubbub and a confused chattering where formerly all was peace and quiet. Before we accept new ideas, let us be sure that correct principles are behind. The newer idea the greater the necessity for regarding it with suspicion. A great deal of devilry has been carried on in the name of progress.

Let us be sure, before we accept a new idea, that it is not a device to create trouble. Let us be sure that it is sound and sensible. In making a compact with progress let us be sure that it is not going to lead us away from the sanity and sweetness and simplicity that made life beautiful for those who have passed away, and that still make it beautiful for those who accept as a legacy the example of the men and women whose ambition never outran their duties.

Let us be old-fashioned a little while longer. There is no reason why the home and household should be sacrificed to new-fangled ideas about the "advancement" of women. There is no woman more truly advanced than she who has the quietude of a happy home—a home man of ordinary talent. Li Hung Chang appears to be a second Talleyrand—a statesman with no conscience—a man of such ready resources that all parties desire his services, knowing at the same time that he must be closely watched to prevent him from trading with the enemy. Such a trickster may escape punishment during his lifetime, but he will fare badly when posterity makes up its verdict.

Spring turned back to give winter one more embrace yesterday. Evidently she would just as soon have paper violets in her hair as the genuine article.

Did McKinley come into Georgia to find out how many administration goldbugs would join the republicans when the democratic party declared for the unlimited and independent coinage of silver?

Editor Godkin, of The New York Evening Post, no doubt believes that "Coin's Financial School" is a "brute" book on a "brutish" subject. Editor Godkin will have to be quarantined again.

The tide will not turn in favor of the democrats until the people are sure the party is ready to repudiate Clevelandism.

The democrats will never succeed in a national election again until they get rid of the goldbugs and nominate a man who stands on democratic principles and represents the people.

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

Eugene Field has the following interesting item in his column of gossip in The Chicago Record:

"Joel Chandler Harris, whose home is in Atlanta, Ga., is said to be the best natured literary man in the world. He makes his boast that he has never refused an application for a literary signature, and as he is now advanced in years and in his health, it is probable that autograph collectors know the value of a manuscript line or two which he has dated by him. One of Mr. Harris' illuminated pages of manuscript recently sold in New York for the considerable sum of \$65."

J. E. B. Stuart Camp of Confederate Veterans, of Clarke county, Virginia, unanimously adopted a resolution pronouncing the county's opposition to the proposition to make a national park of Appomattox battlefield. Still more such national parks are needed. Some of the old battlefields around Atlanta have been preserved in this way.

A curious feature of the situation in Cuba is the fact that the revolutionists are waiting, not with fear, but with eager hope, for the outbreak on the island of a great yellow fever epidemic. That there should be such an outbreak is made more certain every time a ship loaded with royal troops arrives from Spain. Wholly unaccustomed, these men are doomed, undoubtedly, to die, and the authorities are not likely to give them, while the insurgent forces, composed in great part of native Cubans, can view with little or no apprehension the possible appearance among their ranks of a disease with which they are familiar. The fever will be for them a grim and terrible ally. For this peculiar condition of affairs Spain has been heretofore to blame. For years Havana has been a plague spot simply because its rulers have neglected those ordinary sanitary precautions whose adoption in the island would have made it safe from the sessions in the West Indies has made these islands almost as safe from yellow fever as New York and considerably safer than New Orleans.

It is now a settled fact that the Cubans are pretty well organized, with a large army in the field, and the indications are that their uprising is a formidable one, and that Spain will not be able to suppress it, if the revolutionists receive material from their sympathizers in this country.

One thing is certain—there are no ex-confederates who feel like drawing their swords against a brave people fighting for their independence, but there are many who would gladly take up arms against Spain to punish her for her repeated outrages upon American citizens, and they would eagerly engage in any movement that would result in the annexation of Cuba. But if Spain desires American recruits she must look for them among the Tories. They can not be found in this part of the country, except in the scattered Tory element.

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JUST UP FROM GEORGIA.

Keep Up Heart, Believers!

Keep up heart, believers—
Never mind the weather!
Road is rough,
But smooth enough
When we go together!

Little while—it's over!
Soon will end the race;
If you don't strike Grover,
You'll get along to grace!

Keep up heart, believers—
Never mind the weather!
Night is long,
But full of song
As we go together!

Little while—it's over!
Soon you'll reach the place;
If you don't strike Grover,
You'll get along to grace!

Keep up heart, believers—
Never mind the weather!
Roses bloom
In all the gloom
When we march together!

Little while—it's over!
All the odds we'll face;
If you don't strike Grover,
You'll get along to grace!

Keep up heart, believers—
Never mind the weather!
Woods are stirred
With many a bird
As we go together!

Little while—it's over!
Bound to win the race;
If you don't strike Grover,
You'll thank God for grace!

—F. L. S.

Private Bennett and Colonel Dickinson, of The Cincinnati Enquirer, are in the city, and will probably remain here for a week or more. They are right welcome to Georgia, where both are well and favorably known. They are two of the brightest newspaper men in the country.

Beware! Beware!
Far off we hear the rolling
Of the blinding blizzard's drums:
Beware, ye April violets!

The
King
Comes!

Far off we hear the whistling
Of the weather that benumbs:
Beware, ye April poellings!

The
King
Comes!

A western exchange has a good word for "The blue skies of Georgia."
"We have them here every spring, and when spring is a trifle late—as it is now—we invariably strike them about the middle of July."

The
King
Comes!

"I caught a burglar in my room last night," said the editor,
"indeed, I did."
"But I only got \$5 out of the poor fellow!"

We must congratulate, most heartily, the rising young artist of The Augusta Evening Herald. Advertiser. If anything were needed to prove that he is a howling success his recent Fulton-car-opera-house etching in the above named paper would supply it. There is genius and labor in his work and a refreshing originality, which is something to be thankful for in this imitative age.

One Way or the Other.
Northern Visitor—Any race riots in this section?
Old Inhabitant—No; but most of the negroes die a-gittin' religion!

March went out like a lion, and April came in with winds enough to wreck every blossom on the trees.

Fall in Line.
However this glorious country goes,
Go with it and never mind it;
In spite of the weather, the good Lord knows

There's a winter garden that gleams and glows
With the red and white of a splendid rose,
For every one who will find it!

SOME GEORGIA STORIES.

The "Gossip Man" of The Augusta Evening Herald has the following story of the champion negro of the age:
"Talk about morning! I am a gentleman today, I can point you to the greatest in the world."

"I mean Mr. S. A. Hemphill. He is an ancient in the land of Georgia. I was on the steamer coming from Macon to Camden once. Mr. Hemphill was at that time superintending the steamer. He was a passing locomotive. 'Everybody in the car was awake. I could sleep. Finally a gentleman called out to the porter. 'For God's sake, wake that man or turn him on his side. What's the use of hiring a d-d porter, and not waking him?' 'Can't call him down, boss,' said the porter. 'He's the superintendent of the road, and he's a d-d if he's not the president, wake him.' About this time the snorer heard the conversation and awoke. 'It's all right, fellows,' he said. 'I'll sleep and I'll remain awake two or three hours.' He did so, and all enjoyed much needed rest. But, gracious, how does snore!"

A correspondent of The Sandville Herald, writing to that paper from Dwight, Ga., says:

"Beulah has been a place for divine worship for more than 10 years, having been constituted in the year 1871. In its inception it bore the name of Beulah, but was subsequently changed to Beulah, its present name. Many of the colored folks in that section of the county are very poor, and, owing to the destructive African mule last summer and fall, many of them have been driven away from their homes in order to take the first train for Liberia, and I am told that even now, when a cow bawls on the track, the whites are blown for quite a time, many of them make for the railroad. Thus, if they have nothing to eat, and no work to do, and I expect will remain so until Uncle Sam gives them a job somewhere."

Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Maxwell has notified the postmaster at Roswell that the department desires the work of Roswell postoffice changed, and he has asked Postmaster Paden to confer with the patrons of the office and select a suitable name in lieu of Roswell. The reason assigned for this request is because some confusion has occurred in the transmission of the mail between the office of Roswell and a little postoffice in Walker county called Rossville. Commenting on the proposed change, The Roswell Banner says:

"We say the request is unreasonable on the fact that Roswell is one of the oldest towns in Georgia, having been incorporated in 1826 and is a town of greater magnitude than Rossville can ever hope to attain. Roswell represents a manufacturing interest of \$2,000,000 dollars and has been a manufacturing town for nearly sixty years. It has a population of about 1,500 people, and, probably, fifty Roswells has ten miles of railroad known as the Roswell railroad. Roswell is a large cotton market and is an established town of importance. It is an objectionable request, because the factories here have an established trade of years, and to change the name of the postoffice would create untold confusion for years to come. Roswell postoffice is known in every state, and most of the towns in the union. It was named for Mr. James Roswell King, the founder of the factory, and whose remains lie buried in the cemetery. Because every citizen is pleased with the name and is bitterly opposed to a change."

"PARTY LINES SLACK."

"Break-Up in the South Conflagration."

"Democrats at Variance with Their Party."

From The Chicago Record.

Thomsville, Ga., March 27.—"I do not know what we will do or what will become of us," said Colonel S. G. McLendon, an old-line democrat, for several years a member of the legislature, an ex-mayor of Thomsville and now general solicitor of the Plant system of railroads, except that we will not support, and will do everything to defeat, any candidate for president or any other office who advocates or represents a policy destructive to the prosperity of this country, and particularly to our own section. I have not left the democratic party as I am driven out, but I shall support the candidate who represents sound money and the protection of American industry."

"How many democrats in Georgia think as I do? A great many. A very large proportion of the business men of the state, and those who are engaged in the development of its resources and the extension of its industries—generally speaking, all those who have something at stake. Party allegiance was never at such a low ebb in the south as it is today. A few years ago the most important issue was negro domination. Then the white people were almost a unit. Now that the negro is practically out of politics, and our constitution can never be the source of apprehension again, the democrats of Georgia are discussing political questions in a broader light and are beginning to find good points in the republican policy and platform that were not apparent to them before. They are willing to admit, too, that a recent experiment has demonstrated that the democratic party is not competent to govern this country."

"I do not say that we are going to turn republicans, or that we will vote the republican ticket at the next election. I am not so hasty as that; but I am willing to accept in the most positive language that should the democrats nominate a sound money candidate for president in 1896 he will not receive the votes of a very large and respectable minority of their party in Georgia."

"We are split wide open. The breach is too great to be healed, and there is no use in trying to get the party together on any kind of compromise platform. We have got to see these questions of financial and industrial policy sooner or later, and we had better meet them now. The struggle has already been postponed too long. There has got to be two parties in Georgia, just as there are two ideas upon those questions, and it matters very little to me what names they are called by, but we are going to stand and vote with that class of people of the north who think as we do."

IN GEORGIA SANCTUARY.

The editor of The Statesboro Star makes this announcement:
"We present to our readers this week an eight-page issue of a new paper, 'The Augusta Evening Herald.' An increased amount of both advertising and subscription patronage has enabled us to do this. We are determined to use every means in our power to publish a paper that will give to the public full value for their money, and in doing so we wish to secure the continued support of our friends."

The Augusta Evening Herald is getting up a very interesting and timely issue. The fine Gaelic hand of Tom Murphy is everywhere apparent in it.

Here is a suggestive paragraph from The Augusta Evening Herald:
"Let capitalists start in the newspaper business. The money that will be taken out of the hands of the people and out of those of the capitalists."

The Populist Sentinel is the name of a new paper at Canton, Cherokee county. Great preparations are being made for the woman's edition of The Augusta Chronicle. It bids fair to be a big affair.

It is evident, from the following, that the editor of The Augusta Progress has a hard job on hand. He says:
"We are at work this week on the western hemisphere, using a pond for the Atlantic ocean. We are going to die and the southern, western and northern parts of North and South America to form the other three oceans."

Here is a bit of human nature from The Vienna Progress:

"A little Vienna boy, about five years of age, recently addressed his father thus: 'Page, when I get a big man like you, I'm going to work and make a heap of money.' 'If you do,' replied the father, 'do it a d-d eight months, you'd ever did!'"

THE SILVER MOVEMENT.

Butler Herald: Prior and down to 1873 the government mints were open to both metals—gold and silver, and to that time, and especially during the close of the war to 1873, the country has never known an era of greater prosperity. It was during this period that our greatest enterprises were inaugurated, and our cities and towns were more and better dwellings, and more miles of railway were constructed than ever before and to the present day the country for the same length of time. All this when our mints were open to both metals, and the coinage of silver as well as gold. These are facts. We had free and unlimited coinage of silver, and the establishment of the gold standard in 1873 and silver did not drive out gold to any great extent, but it is a fact that under the single gold standard more gold has been sent out of the country than in all the previous history of our government. It is a fact that we see, therefore, that fact, experience is against the goldbugs—that it proves that with our mints open to silver as well as gold the country as a rule has been prosperous and for a long time. On the other hand, experience shows that from the year that silver was driven out of the country, the country began to decline and for the past twenty years the downward course has been the same. Don't let us mistake the cause of the decline and the absolute demonetization of silver—since the fall of the gold standard has been so fearful a blow to the business world that the wreck and ruin which are left in its wake are not greater, and if life is left untouched the suffering is not so great.

Augusta Chronicle: Chicago wants a visit from President and Mrs. Cleveland. It is to be boomed as a "sound" money demonstration. Every man who is a "sound" money man is a very wide difference among people as to what constitutes it. If the fact is so, don't let us mistake the cause of the decline and the absolute demonetization of silver—since the fall of the gold standard has been so fearful a blow to the business world that the wreck and ruin which are left in its wake are not greater, and if life is left untouched the suffering is not so great.

Albany Herald: The goldbugs and government bondholders are now afraid of the issue, and they are buying themselves a concerted effort to divert public attention from the aspect which they themselves have given to the currency question. No body seems to have any more a doubt as to the fact that the silver movement is a

NO DISCORD HERE NOW

The Board of Police Commissioners in Harmonious Session.

DRIVER JOHN FLYNN WAS FIRED

The Other Officers Dropped Off at the Re-election Election Were Reinstated and Put Back on Duty.

The first meeting of the board of police commissioners since its reorganization was held yesterday afternoon, with the full board present and Mr. Johnson in the chair.

The harmony was so pronounced as to be painful. The slightest suggestion from any commissioner was met with enthusiastic approval and a motion needed only to be mentioned before it was taken up quickly and passed unanimously. Whenever an opinion had to be expressed it was softened and toned down so studiously that it was impossible to provoke argument.

The commissioners smile and nod and crack jokes in the chummy way. They enjoy it for they mean to show that the board has been covered up too deep to be exhumed and that hereafter they will work on as unfurled as a spring-time sycamore.

The session was called to take up the case of Officer John Flynn, the picturesque young fellow who for so long has steered the big, black patrol wagon through the throngs of Decatur street.

Flynn was charged with conduct unbecoming an officer. He was discharged from the force, as it was the third case where the commissioners have investigated against him, all of them of a similar nature.

Incidentally the board reinstated three patrolmen who were left off at the recent election. One of these, Patrolman Grant, was well known as the man who for so long had held under check the tough characters of Decatur street and his dismissal was a surprise. He was made happy again, however, and will swing his club in triumph once more among the dark denizens of that peculiar locality.

Flynn Used His Pistol.

Officer Flynn, who was brought up for trial, is a young man with a florid countenance and a tightly twisted mustache that points to the corners of a pair of small, snappy blue eyes. He has been connected with the police department for some years and was looked upon by the officers as a good man, but he went to an entertainment, so he told the commissioners, on the night of the 23d of March and it was on his return home that the incident that caused his dismissal came up.

It was on the night that Simp Woodruff, a negro musician, came running to the station house with his head splattered with gore that was pouring in a steady stream from a gaping wound.

"I was a-screaming up there," he said, "and Mr. Flynn came up and told me to go. I was a-going, but he grabbed me by the collar and hit me on the head with his pistol. I didn't know what he was doing."

The negro was sent to the hospital and the case looked into by the captains. It was a question with them why the officer himself did not report the case. He refused to do so. The scene of the difficulty was a room over a grocery store on Decatur street, where two young women supposed to be of a shady cast resided.

Flynn was four there when Captain Moss arrived and that night he failed to report for duty.

Whisky on His Breath.

Captain Moss testified before the commissioners yesterday afternoon.

"I went up to the room," he said, "and Flynn was there. It was 12 o'clock at night and the watches had gone on duty. I asked him about the case and he explained it to me."

"Did you notice that he was under the influence of whisky?" asked Chairman Johnson.

"I can't say," replied Captain Moss, "that he was under the influence of anything, but I think that he was drinking, as I noticed especially. His breath told on him. I could smell it."

The Serranaders Would Not Stop.

Ella Griggs, who occupied the room, was brought before the commissioners. She is a very young woman with streams of brown hair running down her back and cheeks decorated with rosette landscapes.

"That night," she said, "the negro came to the door and began to play his mandolin. There were two negroes in the room, but I don't care for music and I don't care to spend any money on the serranaders. So I ordered them to go. They stayed and played on."

"Now, the way they played 'Sweet Marie,' was awful. I never heard such horrible music. So I pulled open the window and called out to an officer to come up. The patrolman Flynn came and got them away. I think that the negro resisted and he knocked him in the head."

Mary Whitman, who was in the same place, came before the commissioners and told the same story.

He Had a Razor.

McGowan was a young man who was with the driver that night. He and Flynn, he testified, were coming from an entertainment. They got as far as Pratt and Decatur when some one was heard to call out loudly for an officer to come and come quickly. Flynn went up. He found the negro and ordered him to get out of the place. The negro refused and drew a razor. As he did the officer pulled his pistol and struck him on the head.

On the sidewalk the negro escaped and could not be caught.

Flynn, when he made his statement, denied that he was visiting the place. He was passing by, as testified before, when he went up and tried to get the negro out. Flynn said that the evidence that he had taken anything to drink was a mistake.

"Flynn, didn't you have plum pudding at your entertainment?" questioned Captain English.

"No sir; I didn't have anything but coffee. That was all." But he did not satisfy the board as to why he did not report the trouble at police headquarters at once; why he allowed the negro to escape, and why he did not come up for duty.

Three Officers Put Back.

It was suggested that Officer Grant be put back on the force.

"Yes," said Captain Brotherton, "I have since learned that we made a mistake and that the objection offered to the man was ill-founded. I am of the opinion that he is a good officer."

Chief Connolly said that he had a long petition signed by the merchants of Decatur

street which was the territory of Grant, asking that he be reinstated.

The cases of Officers Doyle and McCarthy were also reconsidered and by unanimous agreement, they were all placed on the roll again. In the chief's office the oath of service was given them by Chairman Johnson.

The Appropriation Short.

For some time the commissioners considered the question of the appropriation for the police department.

It was stated that according to the present account the department would run in debt to the extent of \$2,000 if the appropriation was not increased. They decided that the secretary should make a statement of the financial requirements of the department and report to the council committee.

He Is Actively at Work.

Chairman George Johnson has entered into his work actively. Last night he wandered into police headquarters and casually looked into the different departments.

He dropped an encouraging word among the men now and then. After he had finished this informal inspection he went into Chief Connolly's office, where he remained in consultation with the chief for some time.

Blood Is Life, If It Is Pure, Rich and Healthy.

It is disease and death if it is loaded with impurities. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the great blood purifier. Get, only Hood's, and do not be induced to take any other.

SONS OF CONFEDERATE VETERANS.

They Will Hold a Meeting Next Monday Evening.

A feature of the long procession on Memorial Day will be the presence of a large brigade of Sons of Confederate Veterans.

In the office of President T. B. Felder, in the Grant building, a meeting of all the Sons of Confederate Veterans in the city will be held at 8 o'clock next Monday evening.

President Felder has issued the following call for the meeting:

"All Sons of Confederate Veterans are requested to meet in the office of the president of the organization, Nos. 11, 12 and 13 Grant building, on Monday, April 8th, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. The object of the meeting is to elect officers and prepare for the annual trip to the confederate dead on the approaching 26th of April. A full and enthusiastic attendance is desired."

T. B. FELDER, JR., President.

"WILLIAM W. DAVIES, Secretary Pro Tem."

At this meeting the arrangements for Memorial Day will be considered.

LEMON ELIXIR.

Regulates the Liver, Stomach, Bowels, Kidneys and Blood.

For Biliousness, Constipation and Malassimilation. Indigestion, Sick and Nervous Headache.

For Sleeplessness, Nervousness and Heart Failure. For Fever, Chills, Debility and Kidney Diseases, take Lemon Elixir.

For Bile and Pimples on the face take Lemon Elixir.

Ladies, for natural and thorough organic regulation, take Lemon Elixir.

Fifty cents and \$1 bottles at druggists. Prepared only by Dr. H. Moziey, Atlanta, Ga.

Lemon Hot Drops.

Cures all Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Hemorrhage and all throat and lung diseases. Elegant, reliable.

Twenty-five cents at druggists. Prepared only by Dr. H. Moziey, Atlanta, Ga.

NEW SLEEPING CAR LINE

To Brunswick, Via Central Railroad, Georgia Southern and Florida and Plant System.

Commencing Monday, April 1st, the Central railroad of Georgia, in connection with the Georgia Southern and Florida and Plant system, will put on a Pullman sleeper between Atlanta and Brunswick, leaving Atlanta every evening at 7 p. m., and arriving Brunswick 6:50 a. m., to accommodate the vast amount of travel to Cumberland and St. Simons during the summer.

In addition to this train there will be a train leaving Atlanta 7:30 a. m., and arriving Brunswick 8 p. m. This will be good news to the many Atlanta people who visit Cumberland and St. Simons during the summer.

For full and reliable information apply to F. J. ROBINSON, S. B. WEBB, C. P. and T. A. P., 16 Wall street, Kimball house, Atlanta, Ga. mch-31-71

NEW MAP OF ATLANTA.

Printed in Colors and Perfected to Date.

Embracing the Cotton States and International exposition grounds, the new seventh ward (West End) including the railroad, street, water boundaries, limit lines and other necessary information.

Especially prepared and copyrighted by Mr. E. B. Latham, civil engineer, for John H. Miller, publisher, for sale at the John H. Miller book store, 29 Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga.

Parties desiring information as to fishing and hunting in Florida should write B. W. French, passenger traffic manager Plant system, Savannah, Ga.

BAPTIST STATE CONVENTION

Waycross, Ga., April 9-15th, 1895

A Quick Day Schedule Announced by the Southern Railway.

The following are the figures of the double daily schedule which will be made by the Southern railway between Atlanta and Waycross on and after Sunday, April 7, 1895.

Leave Atlanta 7:00 a. m.; arrive Waycross 5:45 p. m.

Leave Atlanta 11:45 p. m.; arrive Waycross 10:25 a. m.

Remember this is the only line offering so complete schedules in both directions.

The rates will be one and one-third fare on the certificate plan. Passenger and Ticket office, corner of Kimball house.

Famous Generals and Statesmen.

Hon. R. B. Hubbard, of Texas.

General Fitzhugh Lee, of Virginia.

Ex-Governor W. D. Bloxham, of Florida.

Ex-Governor McHenry, of Louisiana.

Ex-Governor John Ireland, of Texas.

Judge S. P. Hughes, of Arkansas.

Ex-Governor W. R. Miller, of Arkansas.

General Beauregard, now deceased.

Ex-Governor Perry, of Florida.

General I. W. Avery, of the United States and International Exposition Commissioner.

The above distinguished gentlemen have given testimony to the superiority of the Hawkes manufacture of Spectacles and Eye-Glasses over all others.

THE EXPLORER AFRICA

And Will Tell About It in Her Lecture This Afternoon.

Mrs. M. French-Sheldon, the famous African explorer, is to lecture this afternoon at Phillips & Crew's music hall.

The subject of the lecture is "From Sultan to Sultan." She has delivered it all over the country with great success and finding that she was coming to Atlanta, a number of ladies induced her to lecture here. The lecture is to be given under the auspices of the First Presbyterian church, and will begin at 2:30 o'clock.

Mrs. Sheldon will wear during her lecture one of the famous gowns which she wore while in Africa. Mrs. Sheldon is one of the most interesting women in the United States. She has traveled extensively, has written a number of books and has lectured in some of the largest cities of the world.

Her appearance in Atlanta will be an event of wide interest and she will doubtless be greeted by a large audience.

OVER 1,000 MEN.

Large Force of Men at Work on the Exposition Grounds.

MR STEININGER FORMING PLANS

He Is Arranging for Some Surprising and Beautiful Electrical Effects—News at Exposition Headquarters.

The beautiful weather yesterday resulted in a big increase in the force of men employed at the exposition grounds.

One thousand and thirty-three men were at work.

One hundred and thirty-eight teams were employed.

This represents the largest force that has been engaged at the exposition grounds since the work of construction commenced.

The men were employed in grading, in the construction of the buildings, and in putting out shrubbery and flowers. Working at full tilt from sun to sun, the amount of work which they accomplish is simply wonderful.

A great change has been made in the race course. This tract has been thoroughly plowed and about half of it has

been covered with evergreens and other flowers. A large force of men is at work fixing the grade of the terraces and planting honeysuckle over them. In a few weeks this part of the ground will bloom out in tropical beauty and fragrance.

The frame work of the several buildings is going up in a hurry. The fine arts building is being roofed over. A splendid showing has been made on the electrical building. It will be finished within the next two months.

To Write Up the Exposition.

Mr. J. F. Dickinson, the talented special correspondent of The Cincinnati Enquirer, is in Atlanta for a few days, his mission being to write up the exposition.

He was sent by John McLean, owner of The Enquirer, who has recently shown great interest in the exposition. Mr. McLean believes that there are great possibilities in the enterprise in the way of opening up trade between this country and the South American countries, and it is with a view to what may be developed in this line that Mr. Dickinson will write of the exposition.

He will first collect data concerning the exposition which he has already commenced to do; then he will gather figures showing the distances between our ports and South American ports, the amount of our export trade with those countries and full facts throwing light on the commercial relations between the countries.

Mr. Dickinson is quite an able writer and has handled many important subjects for his newspaper. He has recently returned from a trip to Missouri, where he had an interview with Hon. Richard P. Bland on the silver question.

Mr. Dickinson will write a series of strong articles for The Enquirer on the exposition.

A number of other newspaper correspondents are expected in the city this week.

Mr. Luther Steinger, the eminent electrician, who was called here several days ago by the electrical committee, has been at work since his arrival and has about completed some designs for magnificent electrical effects, which he will submit to the electrical committee tomorrow.

Mr. Steinger is not prepared to say yet just what the character of his work is, but those who have been in communication with him state that it will be of immense value to the exposition.

Mr. Steinger was the originator and designer of the electrical fountains at the world's fair. He did an immense amount of valuable work for the fair and will do a great deal for the Atlanta exposition before he concludes his labors.

Sufferers from Coughs, Sore Throat, etc., should try "Brown's Bronchial Remedy," a simple but sure remedy. Sold only in boxes. Price 25 cents.

GEORGIA BAPTIST CONVENTION,

Waycross, April 9th to 15th.

For this occasion the Southern railway will have the most attractive schedule and also special excursion rates. The route to Waycross is via the Southern railway and Jessup and superior schedules are made by that route.

This is the shortest line. This is the quick line, going and returning. Passenger and ticket office corner Kimball house, Atlanta.

Notice to Insurers.

Having terminated my connection with the Atlanta Home Insurance Company, I have moved my office to

NO. 19 EDGEMOOR AVENUE, corner of Pryor street and Georgia street, where I will be glad to serve my former patrons and friends. I received the following well known companies:

PHENIX OF BROOKLYN.

QUEEN OF AMERICA.

HARTFORD OF HARTFORD.

LOYD'S PLATE GLASS INSURANCE COMPANY.

Mr. A. R. Redding is interested with me in the office.

A. L. WALDO, apr 4-1895.

Professor Smith's College, Lexington, Ky.

Professor Wilbur R. Smith, president of the Central College of Kentucky University, Lexington, Ky., announces that students from seventeen states have recently entered his college, including a large number from Georgia. Many are expected to attend this college this spring.

The St. Louis A. B. C. Bohemian bottled beer is the beer to drink if you wish to be healthy. It is made of the best hops and barley and nothing else. The American Brewing Co. are the makers and challenge competition. Bailey & Carroll, wholesale dealers.

PERSONAL.

C. J. Daniel, with green window shades, curtains and room moulding, 6 Marietta street. Send for samples.

PRETTY AND ATTRACTIVE WOMEN.

Their Good Looks Not a Secret.

(SPECIAL TO OUR LADY READERS.)

No matter to what country she belongs, or whether she be black or white, as a woman she desires to look well.

Women know the influence of beauty on men; men rarely admire a beautiful woman, but they do admire a woman in whom is blended good features and perfect health.

There is no secret about a woman's beauty; it all lies in the care she devotes to herself, to removing from her system all poisonous impurities, and keeping at bay those fearful female diseases.

The flashing eye, elastic step, and brilliant complexion are never companions of a woman troubled only by the distressed expression and aches, pains, blues, faintness, dizziness, bearing-down feeling, etc., keep it company.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound removes female troubles promptly, and cleanses, invigorates, and consequently beautifies, the form of woman. Women, the world over, pay homage to it, and praise its discoverer. Your druggist sells more of it than all other female medicines.

The Original and Genuine

LEA & PERRINS

SAUCE

Imparts the most delicious taste and zest to Hot and Cold Meats.

GRAVIES,

JALADS,

SOUPS,

GAMES,

FISH,

and Welsh

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

Take None but Lea & Perrins.

Signature on every bottle of the original and genuine

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, NEW YORK.

LADIES' FINE SHOES.

A full line of light weight Boots for early spring just received.

Chamberlin, Johnson & Co.

Here are

Bargains.

Call at 50 Whitehall St. and get

Hoyle's cheap cash prices. We give you a few below:

Loose London Raisins 5c

2 lb Can Standard Tomato 5c

1-4 lb Potted Ham 6c

1-4 lb Potted Tongue 6c

2 lb Package Oatmeal 10c

1 Can Condensed Milk 10c

1 lb French Prunes 10c

Small Sugar-Cured Ham, per lb 11-12c

Arbuckle's Coffee, per lb 23c

Levering's Coffee, per lb 23c

7 Bars Glory Soap 25c

7 Bars Polo Soap 25c

24 lb Standard Sugar \$1

50 lb Peachtree Patent Flour \$1

1 lb Elgin Creamery Butter 25c

10 lb Can Leaf Lard \$1

20 lb Carolina Rice \$1

1 lb Hong Kong Tea 30c

1 Can Salmon 10c

1 quart Best Quince Olives 30c

Everything else at corresponding low wholesale prices.

W. R. HOYT,

Phone 451. 50 Whitehall St.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE

Valuable Improved Residence

Property—Terms Easy.

By virtue of a decree rendered by Fulton superior court in the case of H. T. James vs. W. V. Porter, H. Porter, J. R. Black et al. I will sell on the premises at 10 o'clock a. m., Tuesday, May 7, 1895, the following improved property:

Eight seven-room, two-story houses and lots situated on the corner of Spring and Cain streets, where I will sell five twelve-room, three-story houses and lots, known as Nos. 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 52, 54, 56, 58, 60, 62, 64, 66, 68, 70, 72, 74, 76, 78, 80, 82, 84, 86, 88, 90, 92, 94, 96, 98, 100, 102, 104, 106, 108, 110, 112, 114, 116, 118, 120, 122, 124, 126, 128, 130, 132, 134, 136, 138, 140, 142, 144, 146, 148, 150, 152, 154, 156, 158, 160, 162, 164, 166, 168, 170, 172, 174, 176, 178, 180, 182, 184, 186, 188, 190, 192, 194, 196, 198, 200, 202, 204, 206, 208, 210, 212, 214, 216, 218, 220, 222, 224, 226, 228, 230, 232, 234, 236, 238, 240, 242, 244, 246, 248, 250,

SIXTEEN DOCTORS.

The Graduating Exercises of the Southern Medical College Last Night.

LARGE AUDIENCE AT THE GRAND

The Class Is Small on Account of the Three Years' Course of Study—Rabbi Reich a Member of the Class.

Sixteen young candidates for the degree of doctor of medicine received their diplomas from the Southern Medical College last night, before the footlights at the Grand, and in the presence of a large audience, made their formal bow of introduction into the mysteries and emoluments of their profession.

In addition to the members of the graduating class, who occupied seats to the left of the president, Dr. Thomas S. Powell, the members of the faculty and also the undergraduates who had completed two years of study occupied seats on the platform.

A number of green plants imparted a tropical atmosphere to the stage and beautified the surroundings by producing a picture closely resembling a scene of midsummer.

The small number of graduates presented by the college for graduation this year is explained by the fact that a course of three

medicine, in closing this report I must again say that the small graduating class which we present to you tonight is a matter of far greater pride to us than would be a very large number, because it represents a higher class of teaching and more stringent requirements before graduation and an altogether elevated tone in our curriculum. Respectfully submitted, WILLIAM PERRIN NICHOLSON, "Dean."

At the close of his report Dr. Nicholson presented to each of the undergraduates who had completed a two years' course of study a certificate of proficiency. He stated in doing so that they had attended the institution for months longer than the members of the class last year who had received diplomas.



CHARLTON SHAW, Of Canada, who Delivered the Valedictory Last Night.

received diplomas of graduation. Instead of a two years' course of five months each it is now a three years' course of six months each.

List of Second Course Men.

The following is a list of those who received certificates of proficiency in anatomy, physiology, chemistry, materia medica and therapeutics: Park Howell, Georgia; Robert L. Whipple, Georgia; W. W. Painter, North Carolina; T. W. Bond, Georgia; E. L. Awtry, Georgia; A. W. Davidson, D. D. S., New York; George H. Stubbs, Georgia; J. P. Campbell, Georgia; E. M. Finley, Alabama; G. H. Starnes, Georgia; W. B. Orman, Georgia; T. J. Poole, Georgia; Luther Bennett, Georgia; and Lucian Lofton, Georgia.

Sixteen Diplomas Presented.

A musical selection followed the delivery of these certificates, after which the names of the members of the graduating class were called by the dean.

Dr. Thomas S. Powell, in behalf of the institution, presented the diplomas of the Southern Medical College to the following graduates:

Hrs. John M. Hall, Georgia; F. J. Hedgecock, Arkansas; A. J. J. King, Tennessee; T. C. Longino, Georgia; J. W. McBurnett, Georgia; J. H. Merritt, Tennessee; W. S. Mickler, Florida; A. M. Nelson, North Carolina; David H. O'Brien, Georgia; Charlton Shaw, Canada; J. A. Yates, Texas; J. Williams, Florida; H. Earle Russell, South Carolina; E. P. Rumph, Texas, and Leo Reich, Georgia.

Dr. Reich, the Rabbi.

Dr. Leo Reich, the Hebrew rabbi, was one of the members of the graduating class last night.

Dr. Reich does not intend to enter the medical profession as a regular practitioner and has merely taken a course of lectures to aid him in the duties of the ministry and to increase his familiarity with the sciences, and he is not invited to say that Rabbi Reich is one of the most learned men in the city.

It is rumored that Rabbi Reich intends to write a book on the Talmud, but he has nothing to say in regard to this alleged intention.

His appearance on the stage last night was greeted with loud applause and the young rabbi received quite an ovation.

In the absence of Colonel Glenn, who was too unwell to deliver the address of the occasion, Dr. J. McF. Gaston delivered a brief address to the class. The speech was pronounced by those who followed him in the thought as one of the best productions of his kind that has ever come from that distinguished luminary of the medical profession.

Referring to Dr. Powell, the president of the college, Dr. Gaston said:

"He and I were students together many years ago at the University of Pennsylvania, but it should be remembered that he was one of the oldest and I was one of the youngest in the class. Thus, it turns out that he is laboring under the accumulation of years and honors with respect to flesh, while I am renewing my youth under the multiplicity of varied duties during the past decade. I have been striving in season and out of season along with him to keep up with this progressive age in medicine and surgery."

"Among the earliest organized movements for promoting medical education in this country stands the time-honored University of Pennsylvania. It was my privilege to receive instruction there from Chapman, Horner, Jackson, George B. Wood, Gibson, Hodge and Hare, who were held in high esteem by the large class of students who attended their lectures at that early day. This was the medical Mecca to which pilgrims flocked from all parts of the United States, and also from other portions of the world, being the great center of medical instruction."

"Being impressed with the vast field for advancement in medical knowledge afforded at Philadelphia, yet with that state pride which predominated everything at that day, I was influenced to return to the medical college of South Carolina, to take my second course of lectures and receive my degree of M. D. A faculty no less distinguished than that of the University of Pennsylvania filled the different professorships at that time in Charleston, the faithful teaching of Dickson, Giddings, Holbrook, Moultrie, Frost, Proleau and Shepard being recalled by me."

"The advances which have been made in the past fifty years in all departments of medical science are so stupendous that should a professor of any branch taught in the curriculum of that not be better forth to observe the course of instruction in the better class of our schools, scattered broadcast over this vast field of progressive education, he would stand agape at the advancement. If the attainments for graduating with the title of M. D. formerly were compared with the achievements of those receiving the degree of M. D. from our schools of high grade at the present day, the latter day graduates would be found to have far greater proficiency in all the sciences of the discharge of their professional duties. I don't hesitate to say that a sufficient number of graduates from the Southern Medical college could be selected each year to fill the professorships in every department more satisfactory than they were filled by those holding those chairs twenty years ago. It is better than that, that you are only upon the threshold of true progress. If any of us have gained recognition in the medical profession, it has been by dint of diligence in study after graduating, and I would urge upon each of you higher efforts after graduation."

Dr. Gaston proceeded to discuss the progress of the profession, and the relation of the members of the graduating class to it.

Dr. Shaw's Valedictory.

The address of Dr. Charlton Shaw, of Canada, who delivered the valedictory, was one of the best features of the occasion. It was a gem of oratory, and was delivered with grace and effect. The address was loudly applauded by the audience and the honors of the evening were blushing acknowledged by the speaker.

In the announcement of prizes by the committee the following carried off the honors of the college: First honor, Dr. H. Earle Russell, of South Carolina; second honor, Dr. E. P. Rumph, of Texas; third honor, Dr. T. C. Longino, of Georgia.

WITH THE RAILROADS

Speculation as To the Probable Ruling in the Seaboard Case.

ALL INTEREST CENTERS IN THE DECISION

The Case Means Much to Every Railroad in the South—Other News and Gossip of the Railroads.

All interest among the local railroad men now centers upon the forthcoming decision of Judge Lumpkin in the famous Seaboard Air-Line boycott case.

The case was argued more than a week ago, and the decision will come within the next few days, perhaps. There has not been a more interesting suit in the Fulton county superior court for many a day, nor one more abundant in knotty problems of law.

The Seaboard has a direct contract with the Western and Atlantic for an interchange of business at as favorable and advantageous rates as it allowed other roads. The Western and Atlantic being a member of the Southern Railway and Steamship Association, when the association declared a boycott against the Seaboard was enjoined from enforcing the boycott on the ground of the direct contract to give the Seaboard at all times as favorable and advantageous rates as were allowed other roads.

This temporary injunction will remain in force until the decision of Judge Lumpkin is rendered in the case, when it may be made permanent or may be set aside.

So well put was the case before the court that the railroad men given to much speculation as to the probable outcome of the suit. The bets are even and hard to get.

From present indications there will be no surprise in the decision of Judge Lumpkin. Nobody will be astonished at the ruling, whatever it may be, so evenly do the opposing sides draw up at the present time in the general sentiment of the day among railroad men.

There are some important results hanging on the decision of Judge Lumpkin. If the injunction is set aside—then what? Will the Seaboard be allowed to give the Seaboard at all times as favorable and advantageous rates as were allowed other roads?

On the contrary, if the injunction is made permanent what will become of the Southern Railway and Steamship Association?

It was urged in the speech of Mr. Alex. King, one of the attorneys for the Seaboard Air-Line, that the Southern Railway and Steamship Association is an illegal organization, anyhow.

If the Western and Atlantic is kept from enforcing the boycott against the Seaboard Air-Line then, of course, the members of the association will not remain in the attitude of boycotting the road.

Here comes up a question that is prolific in railroad men's minds: What is the future of the associated roads of the south.

AMERICAN RAILWAY ASSOCIATION.

Many Distinguished Railroaders Will Go To the International Congress.

The Traveler's Official Railway Guide has the following bit of information of interest to railroad men everywhere.

"The American Railway Association has become a member of the international railway congress, which will be held in London on June 28, 1895, includes railway officials from all parts of the world, thirty-six nations being represented in its membership. Many subjects of great interest will be discussed. The price of the congress is \$200,000, and the opening ceremonies. The delegates so far chosen to represent the American Railway Association are Mr. H. S. Haines, president of the association and vice president of the plant system, and Mr. Allen, secretary of the association and manager of The Official Railway Guide. The association is entitled to eight delegates, and the names of the other six selected will probably be announced shortly. The following named American railway companies are announced as members of the congress and are entitled to send delegates on their own account in addition to the representatives of the association: The Louisville and Nashville, Pennsylvania, New York and Erie, New York, New Haven and Hartford, Chesapeake and Ohio, Pittsburgh, Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac, Arizona and Southern, Los Angeles Terminal. The session will be held in the Imperial Hotel in Kensington. The next session of the congress was held at St. Petersburg in 1892, and the one before that at Milan, Italy."

Referring to Dr. Powell, the president of the college, Dr. Gaston said:

"He and I were students together many years ago at the University of Pennsylvania, but it should be remembered that he was one of the oldest and I was one of the youngest in the class. Thus, it turns out that he is laboring under the accumulation of years and honors with respect to flesh, while I am renewing my youth under the multiplicity of varied duties during the past decade. I have been striving in season and out of season along with him to keep up with this progressive age in medicine and surgery."

"Among the earliest organized movements for promoting medical education in this country stands the time-honored University of Pennsylvania. It was my privilege to receive instruction there from Chapman, Horner, Jackson, George B. Wood, Gibson, Hodge and Hare, who were held in high esteem by the large class of students who attended their lectures at that early day. This was the medical Mecca to which pilgrims flocked from all parts of the United States, and also from other portions of the world, being the great center of medical instruction."

"Being impressed with the vast field for advancement in medical knowledge afforded at Philadelphia, yet with that state pride which predominated everything at that day, I was influenced to return to the medical college of South Carolina, to take my second course of lectures and receive my degree of M. D. A faculty no less distinguished than that of the University of Pennsylvania filled the different professorships at that time in Charleston, the faithful teaching of Dickson, Giddings, Holbrook, Moultrie, Frost, Proleau and Shepard being recalled by me."

"The advances which have been made in the past fifty years in all departments of medical science are so stupendous that should a professor of any branch taught in the curriculum of that not be better forth to observe the course of instruction in the better class of our schools, scattered broadcast over this vast field of progressive education, he would stand agape at the advancement. If the attainments for graduating with the title of M. D. formerly were compared with the achievements of those receiving the degree of M. D. from our schools of high grade at the present day, the latter day graduates would be found to have far greater proficiency in all the sciences of the discharge of their professional duties. I don't hesitate to say that a sufficient number of graduates from the Southern Medical college could be selected each year to fill the professorships in every department more satisfactory than they were filled by those holding those chairs twenty years ago. It is better than that, that you are only upon the threshold of true progress. If any of us have gained recognition in the medical profession, it has been by dint of diligence in study after graduating, and I would urge upon each of you higher efforts after graduation."

Dr. Gaston proceeded to discuss the progress of the profession, and the relation of the members of the graduating class to it.

Dr. Shaw's Valedictory.

The address of Dr. Charlton Shaw, of Canada, who delivered the valedictory, was one of the best features of the occasion. It was a gem of oratory, and was delivered with grace and effect. The address was loudly applauded by the audience and the honors of the evening were blushing acknowledged by the speaker.

In the announcement of prizes by the committee the following carried off the honors of the college: First honor, Dr. H. Earle Russell, of South Carolina; second honor, Dr. E. P. Rumph, of Texas; third honor, Dr. T. C. Longino, of Georgia.

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and building operations will begin soon. The inventions in electrical transportation will be used by the road, but I am not at liberty to disclose their nature. The capital, while large, is not out of proportion to the business we expect to do, but I cannot at present give the names of any of the persons interested."

The license to open books of subscription to the capital stock of the Inter-oceanic railway, issued yesterday by the secretary of state, contains this purpose of the incorporators:

"To construct, equip, own, operate, lease, purchase, bond and mortgage and sell electric railways, both surface and elevated, and electric telegraph, telephone and signal lines in connection with said railways; to acquire, own, use, sell and license others to use inventions and letters patent for improvements in electric railways, cars, motors, brakes, trolleys, telegraph, telephone and signal devices and other equipments thereof, and inventions and letters patent for improvements in railway passenger coaches, sleeping cars, freight cars, express cars, mail cars, fruit cars, refrigerators for cars and stock cars; to construct, lease to others, use and sell said improved cars, motors, brakes, trolleys and all other equipments for railway service and to promote the formation of companies for introducing and using said improvements or any of them in any part of the United States and foreign countries; also to manufacture, purchase, lease, use and sell all kinds of connected therewith; also to manufacture, purchase and sell water power and electric power; also to construct, equip, own, operate, lease, purchase and sell all kinds of light plants; also to construct, purchase, lease, sell and operate water rights, canals, ditches and dams; also to acquire and own sufficient land for carrying out the purpose herein specified; also to issue bonds and mortgages and property and franchises."

The capital stock is divided into 200,000 shares of \$100 each. The principal office is in Chicago and the commissioners to open books of subscription to the capital stock are James G. Hulse, Parker Crittenden and John W. Hill, all of Chicago. The duration of the corporation is ninety-nine years.

WHO GETS THE BUSINESS?

The Seaboard Air-Line Folks Claim To Be Handling Most of the Traffic.

Since the Seaboard Air-Line made its sweeping reductions in passenger rates to Chicago and from eastern points not many weeks ago it has been a disputed question as to which of the rival lines caught the bulk of the traffic.

The Southern railway officials were loud in their claims the first few days that the Seaboard's cut, the claim being that they had the old and reliable line, and therefore caught the business in spite of the reduction to nearly half-price tickets on the part of the Seaboard.

The Seaboard people on the contrary claim that there is no comparison in the traffic handled by the two companies and that the Seaboard is the line the people are patronizing. There was never such a diversity of opinion on any one single question of railroading. The rivalry is intense and the soliciting men of both roads, the Seaboard and the Southern, are working like Turks for business.

It is claimed by the Seaboard people that they are hauling thirty, forty, fifty, sixty and as high as sixty-five passengers each day out of Atlanta on through tickets. This claim, the soliciting agents say, needs nothing but a glance at the cars as they out-predict with respect to the future of the Seaboard's cut.

The Southern people on the contrary still hold that they have suffered nothing in their business from Atlanta and from the cut in consequence of the Seaboard's action.

The interesting question is, who is really getting the business—who?

CHANGES IN SCHEDULE.

Some of the Local Traffic Will Be Run on Different Time Tables Sunday.

The following changes in the Southern railway trains (western system) will be made Sunday, April 7th:

Tallahassee accommodation train No. 54 will leave Atlanta 5:30 p. m., instead of 6 p. m.

Train No. 35 will leave Atlanta for Macon, Everett, Brunswick and intermediate stations at 7 a. m., instead of 7:30 a. m., and will run through to Brunswick without change arriving Brunswick 5:30 p. m.

Train No. 37, Atlanta to Macon, will not be changed, but will not run south of Macon.

Train No. 33, from Chattanooga to Atlanta, will leave Chattanooga 1:30 p. m., Rome 4:10 p. m., arrive Atlanta 7:35 p. m.

A Spur Track at Chattanooga.

It is learned from an authoritative source that the Cincinnati Southern will shortly make a decided improvement in its freight and passenger facilities by building a spur track from a point on its line north of the Tennessee river bridge to North Chattanooga and to Hill City. The distance is about four miles. The object is to open up Hill City and North Chattanooga for freight and passenger traffic, and the building of the line is therefore of great importance. It will give these two suburbs railway facilities such as to make manufacturing plants feasible, and real estate in the vicinity is buoyant.

Withdrawals from the Association.

St. Louis, Mo., April 4.—The St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern railway has served notice of withdrawal from the Western Trunk Line Association. The notice becomes effective in sixty days, and in the meantime the entire system may be changed. The line directly affected by the Iron Mountain withdrawal is the Kansas City, Fort Scott and Memphis, with its Memphis and southeastern outlet. Chairman Midgely will make an effort to have the Iron Mountain pool its withdrawal notice.

GENERAL DEBILITY. NERVOUS DYSPEPSIA.

For those "run down" and "out of sorts" generally, there is no better medicine in the world than Brown's Iron Bitters.



DECEMBER 7th, 1894.

I hardly feel I am the same man since taking two bottles of Brown's Iron Bitters. I have a splendid appetite and digest my food thoroughly.

JUDGE JAMES M. SMITH, Decatur, Ga.

Brown's Iron Bitters will cure Bad Blood, Kidney and Liver Troubles, Woundful for Dyspepsia, Constipation, Female Weakness and Malaria.

"It's Brown's Iron Bitters you need!" For overworked men—debilitated women—pamper children.

Brown's Iron Bitters will cure Bad Blood, Kidney and Liver Troubles, Woundful for Dyspepsia, Constipation, Female Weakness and Malaria.

"It's Brown's Iron Bitters you need!" For overworked men—debilitated women—pamper children.

THE ANIMAL EXTRACTS

As Prepared under the formula of DR. WILLIAM A. HAMMOND.

Cerebrine, extract of the brain of the ox, for nervous prostration, Insomnia, etc.

Cardine, extract of the heart for functional weakness of the heart.

Medulline, extract of the spinal cord, for Locomotor Ataxia.

Testine, extract of the testes, for premature decay.

Ovarine, extract of the ovaries, for diseases of women.

Thyroidine, for eczema and impurities of the blood.

Send for book giving full information. At all Druggists Price, One Dollar. DOSE, 5 DROPS.

COLUMBIA CHEMICAL CO. WASHINGTON, D. C.

april 4-18

When you bought your fishing tackle, minnows, spinners, spoons, rods, hooks, etc., from any one but the Clarke Hardware Company, you carried a complete line of anything in fancy, fine goods or cheap fishing tackle.

There is Very Little Racket in playing tennis, but it is absolutely necessary to have a racket to play this fascinating game. We carry anything you need in rackets, nets, poles, balls, markers, tapes, etc., to gratify the pleasure of tennis player. Catalogue and special prices to clubs mailed free. The Clarke Hardware Company.

We Are Palling For the garden, truck and florist tool trade. We have everything you want for a garden trowel to lawn hose. Special prices on anything in this line. Out-of-town trade solicited. THE CLARKE HARDWARE COMPANY, 33 Peachtree Street, Atlanta, Ga.

Grand display in Wraps, Waists, Skirts and full ready made Suits. We have added to this department a nice, large private room for fitting. See these new styles. Chamberlin, Johnson & Co.

Bargains in China Read these items seriously. No untruth in the comparative values and present selling prices quoted. It's a grand chance to buy well and wisely.

90-piece Dinner Set—Imported Decorated English ware, worth \$10; our price... \$6.50

102-piece Dinner Set—Brown and Gray Imported English Porcelain, worth \$12.50; our price... \$7.75

92-piece Dinner Set—Imported Decorated English ware, gold bands, worth \$15; our price... \$8.50

117-piece Dinner Set—Imported Under Glazed Decorated Deep Blue English ware, worth \$20, at... \$15.00

**Hooks, Lines, Floats,
Sinkers, Rods, Reels, etc.**
(We furnish everything but bait.)
**Seine Netting, Gill Net-
ting, Cast Nets.**



PAY CASH
—AND—
SAVE MONEY.

LOWRY HARDWARE CO.
60 PEACHTREE ST.

\$5 DOWN \$2 PER WEEK.

Waverley BICYCLES.

Highest of all High Grades. You have been wishing for a high grade Bicycle. No reason why you should not buy one now at these terms.

INDIANA BICYCLE COM'Y
42 PEACHTREE, CORNER WALTON.

ANSLEY BROS. | SAM'L W. GOODE & CO.'S

Real Estate and Loans.
\$2,500—ON reasonable terms for beautiful

\$3,300—ELEVEN ACRES land and 4-room cottage, also barn, two miles northeast of city.

\$4,000—FOR a pretty Boulevard home, near Highland avenue. Come see it.

\$10,000—PRETTY Peachtree home, cheapest

\$1,300—NICE 6-room cottage and store, will rent for \$13 per month.

\$3,500—FOR house and lot on South Pryor street, near in, in the lot worth the money.

SIXTY-FIVE acres at East Decatur for \$2,000—a beautiful farm, some improvements; specially suited to the noted Elberta peaches; only \$1,800 on easy terms.

PEACHTREE HOME—9-rooms; new; two stories; water, gas, electric bells; lot 45x185 feet to another street; east front on car line, \$3,000.

LINDEN STREET cottage, 4r. and 2-r., on

ments.
\$20-BOUTEVARD, c-room house and lot worth \$5,000.
\$100-FIVE acres at Decatur, cheap.
OFFICE-12 East Alabama street. Telephone 363.
 week. Each lot with a large garage.
 week. Must sell quickly. Make an offer.
PONCE DE LEON and Peachtree street lots and complete homes for sale.
GORDON STREET, West End, new, 7-room cottage, very handsomely furnished, beautiful mantels, plate glass windows and doors, ornamental stained glass in front.

J. B. ROBERTS,
45 Marietta Street.

10-r. Forest avenue, all conveniences...	\$1,350
7-r, 2-story, Richardson street ..	3,000
4-r., Linden avenue, 50x130 ..	1,750
One store, 30x100, Whitehall street ..	20,000
9-r. Crew street, 50x200, close in and modern ..	6,750
10-r. Forest avenue, close to pay for it ..	\$3,500

On Lot 80x200, on CORNER LOT

E. M. ROBERTS' SALE LIST

Office, 50 N. Broad Street, Cor. Walton.

1500—Block 15x100, corner W. Mitchell and Chestnut Sts., with one new 7-r. house and one 3-r. house, and corner lot vacant; \$1,700. Can be paid at \$27 per month; balance cash; great bargain.

2,600—Block 100x100, corner Lowe and Spencer streets; one 5-r. new house; one 7-r. house, with space for two other houses. A great sacrifice this is, but owner must raise \$1,700.

2,500—Lot, 50x200, Rock to * Mays streets, broadside Mangum; one 7-r. house and two new 3-r. cottages.

A. J. WEST & CO.,
Real Estate.

For Rent
Modern 10-room House, two blocks
north of Kimball house, one block from

100 ft. of Kimball house one block from
 Peachtree. Choice in every particular.
 Possession 1st of May. Apply immediately.
 A. J. WEST & CO., Real Estate,

16 Pryor street, Kimball house.

**For Rent by D. P. Morris & Sons,
Special Renting Agents, 2 S. Broad St**

B. R. H., Whitehall street. \$45 00
B. R. H., Central avenue. 50 00

**\$4.25 BUYS 8-room house, lot 40x125, on
Ivy st., close in; one-half cash, balance**

-R. H., S. Pryor street..	35 00	November, 1897.
-R. H., Whitehall street..	40 00	\$5,000 BUYS new 6-room cottage and 2-acre
-R. H., West Peachtree, furnished..	55 00	lot on Central railroad near Dr. Knott's
-R. H., Highland avenue..	20 00	home; one-third cash, balance easy.
-R. H., Baugh street, West End..	10 00	\$1,650 BUYS 13 lots 52x215 on Beecher st.,
-R. H., Pulliam street..	25 00	just beyond the limits of West End; easily
-R. H., Mangum..	15 50	worth \$250 per lot.
		\$350-ACRE FARM in Hancock county, six

-R. H., Spring street.	27 50	miles south of Sparta, Ga., to exchange
-R. H., Mills street.	15 00	for city or suburban property.
-R. H., Stone wall street.	15 00	18 00
-R. H., East Pine street.	15 00	28 Peachtree Street.
-R. H., Kennedy street.	10 00	
-R. H., East Fair street.	15 00	
-R. H., Larkin street.	12 50	

G. W. ADAIR.	FORREST ADAIR.
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-R. H., Grant street..	10 00	<p>G. W. ADAIR,</p> <p>Real Estate.</p>
-R. H., Crew street..	15 00	
-R. H., Bush street..	8 50	
-R. H., East Fair street..	8 00	
-R. H., Jones avenue..	8 50	
-R. H., Bradley street..	9 00	
-R. H., Gullatt street..	8 00	

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We have for this week
grand display in our
Press Goods Department.

For magnificence, nothing in the texture line can exceed our Imported Noveltyes. Chamberlin, John-

H. NORTHEN. WALKER DUNSON.

NORTON & DUNSON,
Real Estate and Loans, 409 Equitable
Building.
New 7-room, 2-story house, water and

The magnificent store, recently occupied
by "The Fair," is for rent. This is one of
the best retail stands in the city.
G. W. ADAIR, 14 Wall Street.

FOR RENT
The rooms lately occu-
pied by the Exposition

1,600 for fruit, 2-story house, all modern improvements. Water, gas, Peachtree, 2,750 for storehouse and cottage, paying more than 9 per cent.
18,000 for 3-story brick store, new, paying more than 8 per cent.
Wanted—An offer on handsome residence, 4th side.

NORTON & DUNSON, | COLL.

Society

Stationery, Monograms, Wedding Invitations and Visiting Cards engraved at lowest prices. No delay; work done by skilled workmen in our establishment. Send for samples and prices. J. P. Stevens & Co., Jewelers, 47 Whitehall street.

club

there are all sorts of clubs, but there's only one

"canadian club"

whisky—there are, also, all sorts of whiskies, the best is canadian club—it is being imitated—that's natural—all good things are imitated—trade on other people's brains as it were—don't be deceived by something "just as good"—examine the label carefully—

bluthenthal "J. & B." & bickart.

big whisky house. atlanta. hello! no. 378.

Potts-Thompson LIQUOR COMPANY, WHOLESALE!

9-11-13 DECATUR ST.

Our best and oldest Ryes are Q-Club, Monogram, Mt. Vernon, Imperial Cabinet, Pennsylvania Rye, Old Centennial, and ten-year-old Bourbons are Old Rippey, Jas. E. Pepper, McBrayer, Old Crow and others. Corn Whisky—"Stone Mountain"—our own brand and make.

'PHONE 48.

OPUM and Whiskey Eaten cured at once with out pain. Book of testimonials sent FREE. B.M. WOOLLEY, M.D. Atlanta, Ga. Office 104 1/2 Whitehall St.

THE WORLD KNOWN
LIEBIG COMPANY'S EXTRACT OF BEEF
THE STANDARD FOR PURITY AND EXCELLENCE.

HOTELS.
THE HOTEL MARLBOROUGH
Broadway and 36th Street,
NEW YORK CITY.

Covers the entire block on Broadway, with 400 rooms and 200 bathrooms. The leading Southern Hotel of the metropolis. First-class accommodations at fair prices for either the American or European Plan.
LOUIS L. FODD, Proprietor.

LIME
for all purposes, cheap.
SCIPLE SONS,
'Phone 203. No. 8 Loyd St.

ESTABLISHED IN 1857.
PETER LYNCH
35 Whitehall and 7 Mitchell streets, and branch store at 20 Peters street, in addition to his large and varied stock, is now receiving his usual supply of spring seeds, such as clover, orchard, blue and red top grass seeds, German millet, eastern-raised Irish potatoes, onion sets, all kinds of watermelon and cantaloupe seeds, and garden seeds of all kind; gardening tools and other hardware; guns and pistols, cartridges and ammunition of all kinds, and other varieties of goods too numerous to mention here. He keeps up the old style. Whenever you fail to find anything, be sure you go to his place and you will be very apt to find it. All of the above varieties are to be found at his stores on Whitehall and Peters streets.
The usual supply of fine wines, ales, beers, porters, brandies, gums, and whiskeys of the very best grade, for medicinal and beverage purposes, are to be found at his Whitehall street store.
A perfect variety store at each place. All orders, accompanied with the cash, filled promptly and at reasonable prices. On hand a good lot of Arctic and rubber over-shoes, and rubber boots for the cold and bad weather. Terms cash.
Just received, 50 pounds fresh and genuine codfish.

We have one dark Poll and Oak Dining Room-Suit; extra fine hand carved. Your price, if at all reasonable, will buy. Chamberlin, Johnson & Co.

GOING TO AUGUSTA.

The Governor's Horse Guard to Join the Richmond Hussars

IN THEIR CENTENNIAL CELEBRATION

A Pleasant Trip and a Gay Tournament is the Promise—Accepted the Invitation.

The Governor's Horse Guards will go to Augusta to join the gallant old Richmond Hussars in their centennial celebration.

The invitation from the Hussars to the Governor's Horse Guards has been accepted and the company has made every preparation for the trip.

The celebration of the one hundredth birthday of the Hussars will take place in the city of Augusta some time in July, and it is the purpose of this far-famed old company to have many of the crack military companies of the south as their guests on this happy occasion. Nothing will be spared to make it one of the grandest military gatherings that have ever been held in this section of the country and the boys who carry the sabers and the swords will, indeed, have a jolly good time of it enjoying the proverbial hospitality of the Frontier City.

Captain J. S. Dozier, of the Governor's Horse Guards, received the invitation from the Richmond Hussars a few days ago summoning his company to partake in the enjoyment of the season with the Augusta military men and to enter a team in the contest for honors on the field.

There is to be a grand tournament of cavalry at the time in Augusta and the various companies of this section of the south will have teams entered to contest for the honors of the tilt.

There is something peculiarly significant in the acceptance of the invitation from the Richmond Hussars on the part of the Governor's Horse Guards. Captain Dozier, of the Horse Guards, was formerly a member of the Richmond Hussars. He went to war with the famous old company and fought throughout the trying days of the sixties with this gallant command.

When he came to Atlanta some many years ago he joined the Governor's Horse Guards and has been one of the most active members of the organization ever since. He was recently elected captain of the company and is one of the most enthusiastic members.

One of the first cavalry companies ever organized in Georgia was the Richmond Hussars. They organized in 1795 and their centennial celebration will be quite an incident in the history of the company. The members, who are the representative business and professional men of the city of Augusta, have determined to make the celebration all that it ought to be and those at all familiar with the way the people of Augusta entertain their visitors on occasions such as this—particularly a military company—know full well what to expect when they go down to be with the Richmond Hussars.

There is not a more perfectly organized company in the south today than the Richmond Hussars. They have always kept up the interest in the organization that was handed down to them by their fathers who went into the war under the banners of this famous command.

There was not the slightest hesitancy on the part of the Governor's Horse Guards in accepting the invitation from the Augusta company to join it in the celebration of its happiest seasons. The invitation came from the sergeant of the company and was given to the members of the Horse Guards at last meeting. The members decided at once unanimously to accept the invitation and a team will be entered for the honors of the contest that is to be held in Augusta among the companies that meet with the Hussars on the field.

This is one of the coming military events of the year.

MEETING OF THE MEDICAL BOARD.

It Will Convene at the State Capitol This Morning at 9 o'clock.

A meeting of the board of medical examiners will be held at the state capitol this morning at 9 o'clock.

They will pass upon the claims of all candidates for admission into the medical profession.

Dyspepsia seldom causes death, but permits its victims to live on in misery. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures dyspepsia and all stomach troubles.

"Throw physic to the dogs" and use Angostura Bitters, for good digestion, and a healthy appetite. Sole manufacturers, Dr. J. C. B. Siegel & Sons. Ask your druggist.

THE MORNING TRAIN GOES ON.

The Southern Railway Will Run Their Southbound Morning Train Through to Brunswick, Beginning Next Sunday, and Make Close Connections for Jessup at Waycross.

The Southern railway (Western system), will run their morning train through to Brunswick, beginning next Sunday, and make close connection at Jessup for Waycross.

All intending visitors and delegates to the state Baptist convention will be glad to know that it has been officially announced by the Southern Railway Company that on and after Sunday, April 7, 1895, train No. 25 of the western system, which now leaves Atlanta at 7:45 a. m., will be changed to leave Atlanta at 7:15 a. m. and will run through solid to Brunswick as a day train, arriving Brunswick 5:45 p. m., and will arrive at Waycross via Jessup at 5:05 p. m.

This will be the popular train to use to the Georgia Baptist convention, as by this quick schedule the delegates will be placed in Waycross at 5:05 o'clock the same afternoon.

W. H. TAYLOR, District Passenger Agent.
A. A. VERNON, Passenger Agent.
Corner Kimball House.

Governor R. B. Hubbard
Fourteen Years Ago.
Austin, Tex., March 3, 1881.—Mr. A. K. Hawkes, Dear Sir: I am much pleased with the pantoscopic glasses you so perfectly adapted to my eyes; with them I am enabled to read as in my youth the finest print with the greatest ease. I cheerfully recommend them to the public. Respectfully,
R. B. HUBBARD,
Ex-Governor of Texas, Minister to Japan, Temporary Chairman of National Democratic Convention of 1884.

Galileo.
May be obtained only through The Constitution. Bring or send 10 cents and reading certificate to business office of The Constitution and get this great art work.

Reader's Certificate.
This certifies that the holder of this is a reader of The Constitution, and as such is entitled to participate in the distribution of the new religious-educational fine art series, "Earthly and Heavenly," the Man of Galileo, upon the nominal terms and conditions arranged for our readers and subscribers as follows:
Bring or send this certificate with 10 cents to cover cost of postage, wrapping, handling, mailing, etc., to The Constitution and any part issued will be delivered or mailed.
Unless a "Reader's Certificate" is brought or mailed, the price of these portfolios is 25 cents per copy.
To Clubs.
The Florida limited by Central railroad and Plant system, leaving Atlanta at 6:55 o'clock p. m., is the only train connecting with Plant steamships for Havana. Ship trains for Port Tampa leave Tampa May hotel 5:30 o'clock p. m.

CASPING FOR BREATH

A CATARRH SUFFERER'S STORY OF HIS TORMENTS.

The Wonderful Cure Made by Munyon's Little Pellets.

Mr. John B. Albert, of 106 Colgate street, Cleveland, Ohio, says: "For the past six years I have suffered terribly from catarrh in its most disagreeable form. I had all the disgusting symptoms of that loathsome disease. There was a continual dropping of mucus into my throat, a buzzing and roaring in my ears and violent pains above the eyes and nostrils. My breathing was labored and heavy, and at times I would be literally gasping for breath. My system was nearly broken down from the disease when I began to use Munyon's Catarrh Remedy. I had not much faith in them, but in a very short time a big improvement was noticeable. Now I am thoroughly cured and enjoying better health than I have for over six years."

Have you catarrh? Are you willing to investigate a treatment that cures catarrh by removing the cause? If so ask your druggist for a 25-cent bottle of Munyon's Catarrh Cure and a 25-cent bottle of Catarrh Tablets. The Catarrh Cure will eradicate the disease from the system, and the tablets will cleanse and heal the afflicted parts and restore them to a normal and healthful condition.
Munyon's Homoeopathic Home Remedy Company, Philadelphia, put up specifics for nearly every disease, which are sold by all druggists, mostly for sale by bottle. Those who are in doubt as to the nature of their disease should address Professor Munyon, 106 Arch street, Philadelphia, giving full symptoms of their disease. Professor Munyon will carefully diagnose the case and give you the benefit of his advice absolutely free of all charge. The remedies will be sent to any address on receipt of retail price.

"THE TRIUMPH OF LOVE" IS HAPPY, FRUITFUL MARRIAGE.



Every Man Who Would Know the Grand Truth: The Pain Facts: The New Discoveries of Medical Science as Applied to Married Life, Who Would Atone for Past Errors and Avoid Future Pitfalls, Should Secure the Wonderful Little Book Called "Complete Manhood, and How to Obtain It."

"Here at last is information from a high medical source that must work wonders with this generation of men, which to attain full vigor and manly power."

A method by which to end all unnatural drains on the system. To cure nervousness, lack of self-control, despondency, etc., and worn nature for one of brightness, buoyancy and power. To cure forever effects of excesses, overwork, worry.

To give full strength, development and tone to every portion and organ of the body. Age no barrier. Failure impossible. 2,000 references.

The book is purely medical and scientific, unsexed to curiosity, unsexed to modesty, unsexed to only who need it. A despairing man, who had applied to me, wrote:
"Well, I tell you that first day is one I'll never forget. I just finished my book. I wanted to hug everybody and tell them my old self had died yesterday and my new self was born today. Why didn't you tell me when I first wrote that I would find it this way?"

And another thus:
"If you dumped a cartload of gold at my feet it would not bring me a guess into my life as your method has done."
Write to Eric McLean, Company, Buffalo, N. Y., and ask for the little book called "COMPLETE MANHOOD." Refer to this book, and the company promises to send the book, in sealed envelope, without any marks, entirely free, until it is well introduced.
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and newest styles. We have the largest stock and guarantee the goods to be correct; besides our prices are lower than you will find on same quality.

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still the largest in the south and the trade may send in

orders with the assurance that they will be promptly filled.

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90 Decatur Street.

Sale of Northeastern Railroad.

STATE OF GEORGIA, Executive Department, Atlanta, March 13, 1895.—By virtue of the authority given in the tenth section of the act incorporating the Northeastern Railroad Company, which is entitled "An act to open and construct a railroad from Athens, Ga., to Claxton, Ga., via Pulleville, in Habersham county, or some other point on the Blue Ridge railroad, near Clayton, by the most practicable route," approved October 27, 1870, and in accordance with an order this day issued by me as governor of Georgia providing for the sale hereinafter mentioned, will be sold at public outcry to the highest and best bidder at the depot of the Northeastern Railroad Company, in the city of Athens, Ga., between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., on Tuesday, the 13th of April, 1895, all of the property of said company seized and taken possession of by Rufus K. Reeves, agent of the state, under and by virtue of a proclamation issued on the 15th day of November, 1893, by his excellency William J. Northen, then governor of Georgia, seizing and taking possession of the property of the said Northeastern Railroad Company, and by said agent in the possession and control of the Richmond and Danville Railroad Company, as follows: The line of railroad, known as the Northeastern railroad, extending from Athens, Clarke county, Georgia, to Lula, Hall county, Georgia, a distance of thirty-nine and four-tenths miles, and about five miles of said track on the main road, together with the franchise, equipments and other property of said company connected with said road, consisting of its road bed, superstructure, right of way, motive power, rolling stock, depots, freight and section houses, shops, town and city lots, grounds, furniture, machinery, tools, etc. A full and complete inventory of same being on file, both in this office and in the office of said company at Athens, and may be inspected upon request.

Terms cash or, of purchase money, fifty thousand dollars cash, fifty thousand dollars January 1, 1896, and the remainder in cash or in the legal and valid bonds of state issued under the act of 1870 and maturing July 1, 1896. In the event purchaser elects the option to pay part cash and balance as above set forth, the governor will enter into an agreement or obligation to make purchase money due to the property upon said deferred payments being met at maturity, and in the event said deferred payments, or either of them, are not met at maturity, the governor of Georgia will be authorized and empowered to seize and take possession of the property sold in the same manner as provided in the act to wit: That the sum of two hundred and sixty thousand dollars and accrued interest.

W. Y. ATKINSON,
Governor of Georgia.

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W. Y. ATKINSON,
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